County of Los Angeles Fire Department

Our Vision

The Los Angeles County Fire Department will be an exemplary organization acclaimed for our national reputation, our regional strength, and our hometown attentiveness as we provide fire protection and life safety services.

Mission Statement

The mission of the Los Angeles County Fire Department is to protect lives, the environment, and property by providing prompt, skillful, and cost-effective fire protection and life safety services.

Core Values

Integrity

Teamwork

Caring

Courage

Commitment

Community



FIRE PREVENTION DIVISION HEADQUARTERS 5823 Rickenbacker Road Commerce, CA 90040-3027

REGIONAL OFFICES

CENTRAL REGIONAL OFFICES

Carson Office Lynwood Office 701 E. Carson St. 3161 Imperial Hwy Carson, CA 90749 Lynwood, CA 90262

Hawthorne Office West Hollywood Office 4475 W. El Segundo Blvd. 864 N. San Vicente Blvd Hawthorne, CA 90250 West Hollywood, CA 90069

> County Facilities/High Rise Unit 6031 Rickenbacker Road Commerce, CA 90040

EAST REGIONAL OFFICES

Pomona Office Glendora Office 590 S. Park Ave. 231 W. Mountain View Ave. Pomona, CA 91766 Glendora, CA 91741

Azusa Office Covina Office Cerritos Office
605 N Angeleno Ave. 400 N. Citrus Ave. 19030 Pioneer Blvd.
Azusa, CA 91702 Covina, CA 91723 Cerritos, CA 90701

Irwindale Office East Los Angeles Arcadia Office 5200 Irwindale Ave. 4801 E. Third Street 125 S. Baldwin Ave. Irwindale, CA 91706 Los Angeles, CA 90022 Arcadia, CA 91006

La Habra Office 850 W. La Habra Blvd. La Habra, CA 90633 Petroleum Chemical Unit 5200 Irwindale Ave. Irwindale, CA 91706

Commerce Office 2535 Commerce Way Commerce, CA 90040

NORTH REGIONAL OFFICE

Calabasas Office Santa Clarita Office Lancaster Office 26600 Agoura Rd. 23757 Valencia Blvd. 335-A East Ave. K-6 Calabasas, CA 91302 Valencia, CA 91355 Lancaster, CA 93535

Palmdale Office Public Safety & Film Unit 38250 N. Sierra Hwy Palmdale, CA 93550 Sylmar, CA 91342

SPECIAL UNIT OFFICES

Schools & Institutions North
125 S. Baldwin Ave.
Arcadia, CA 91006

Schools & Institutions South
7733 Greenleaf Ave.
Whittier, CA 90602

Schools & Institutions Gardena 1650 W. 162nd St. Gardena, CA 90247

County of Los Angeles Fire Department Proclaims Fire Prevention Month - October 2018

FIRE PREVENTION WEEK: OCTOBER 7-13, 2018 FIREPREVENTIONWEEK.ORG

October is
Fire Prevention Month...
LOOK.
LISTEN.
LEARN.

Be aware. Fire can happen anywhere.

What You Need to Know



www.fire.lacounty.gov

This year's FPW campaign, "Look. Listen. Learn. Be aware. Fire can happen anywhere," works to educate about three basic but essential steps to take to reduce the likelihood of having a fire – and how to escape safely in the event of one:

"LOOK" for places fire could start. Take a good look around your home. Identify potential fire hazards and take care of them.

"LISTEN" for the sound of the smoke alarm. You could have only minutes to escape safely once the smoke alarm sounds. Go to your outside meeting place, which should be a safe distance from the home and where everyone should meet.

"LEARN" two ways out of every room and make sure all doors and windows leading outside open easily and are free of clutter.



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FAST FACTS ABOUT FIRES

Cooking is tied for the second leading cause of home fire deaths.

Unattended cooking is the leading factor contributing to these fires. Frying poses the greatest risk of fire.

Ranges, or cooktops accounted for the majority (62%) of home cooking fire incidents. Ovens accounted for 13 percent.

More than half of all cooking fire injuries occurred when people tried to fight the fire themselves.

The leading factor contributing to home heating fires (30%) was a failure to clean. This usually involved creosote buildup in chimneys.

Most home heating fire deaths (84%) involved stationary or portable space heaters.

Nearly half (49%) of all home heating fires occurred in December, January, and February.

On average, seven people died in U.S. home fires per day.

Cooking is the leading cause of home fires and home fire injuries.

Smoking has been the leading cause of home fire deaths for decades.

Heating Equipment was involved in one of every five home fire deaths.

Three of every five home fire deaths resulted from fires in homes with no smoke alarms (38%) or no working smoke alarms (21%).

When smoke alarms fail to operate, it is usually because batteries are missing, disconnected, or dead. Dead batteries caused onequarter (24%).

According to an NFPA survey, only one of every three American households have actually developed and practiced a home fire escape plan.

While 71 percent of American have an escape plan in case of a fire, only 47 percent of them have practiced it.